## CS 70 Discrete Mathematics and Probability Theory Spring 2022 Koushik Sen and Satish Rao DIS 11B

## 1 Inequality Practice

(a) X is a random variable such that  $X \ge -5$  and  $\mathbb{E}[X] = -3$ . Find an upper bound for the probability of X being greater than or equal to -1.

(b) *Y* is a random variable such that  $Y \le 10$  and  $\mathbb{E}[Y] = 1$ . Find an upper bound for the probability of *Y* being less than or equal to -1.

(c) You roll a die 100 times. Let Z be the sum of the numbers that appear on the die throughout the 100 rolls. Compute Var(Z). Then use Chebyshev's inequality to bound the probability of the sum Z being greater than 400 or less than 300.

## 2 Vegas

On the planet Vegas, everyone carries a coin. Many people are honest and carry a fair coin (heads on one side and tails on the other), but a fraction p of them cheat and carry a trick coin with heads on both sides. You want to estimate p with the following experiment: you pick a random sample of n people and ask each one to flip their coin. Assume that each person is independently likely to carry a fair or a trick coin.

(a) Let *X* be the proportion of people whose coin flip results in heads. Find  $\mathbb{E}[X]$ .

(b) Given the results of your experiment, how should you estimate p? (*Hint:* Construct an unbiased estimator for p using part (a))

(c) How many people do you need to ask to be 95% sure that your answer is off by at most 0.05?

## 3 Working with the Law of Large Numbers

(a) A fair coin is tossed multiple times and you win a prize if there are more than 60% heads. Which number of tosses would you prefer: 10 tosses or 100 tosses? Explain.

(b) A fair coin is tossed multiple times and you win a prize if there are more than 40% heads. Which number of tosses would you prefer: 10 tosses or 100 tosses? Explain.

(c) A fair coin is tossed multiple times and you win a prize if there are between 40% and 60% heads. Which number of tosses would you prefer: 10 tosses or 100 tosses? Explain.

(d) A fair coin is tossed multiple times and you win a prize if there are exactly 50% heads. Which number of tosses would you prefer: 10 tosses or 100 tosses? Explain.